



VIEWS AND INITIATIVES ON GREENER PORTS AND SUSTAINABILITY

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8

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Port Environmental Management



	1960s	1970s	1980s	1990s	2000s	2010+
Definition		Conservation	+ Protection + Ecosystems + Habitats	Protection of Environment	Global and local	Sustainability and Climate Change
Awareness	Generally low		Increasing	Compliance	CSR —	•
Scope		Quayside —	•	Port area	Port:City	Chain
Response	Slow	Reactive	•	Sea Empress EcoPorts	ISO 14001 EMAS PERS	Pro-active
Legislation	Health & Safety		Specific provisions	EU Habitats ESPO Code (guidelines)		ng European ernational
Practice	Non-existent or ad hoc	Minimum —	-	Compliance	Compliance- plus	Commercial excellence





A Green Port practices.....

- ✓ Compliance -plus
- ✓ Protection
- ✓ Cost & risk reduction
- ✓ Sustainable development
- Monitoring & reporting
- Continuous improvement
- Stakeholder expectations
- Evidence & EMS Standard

- Exemplify good practice
- Enable infrastructure
- ✓ Encourage incentives
- ✓ Engage knowledge
- Enforce mechanisms
- Change & Challenges
- ✓ Links: Port City Chain
- ✓ Networked collaboration

....and aims for Sustainable Development and SMART





ESPO, AAPA, World Bank, European Investment Bank, and European Bank for Reconstruction & Development, United Nations Environment Programme, African Ports Association, Arab Sea Ports Federation and Taiwan Ports International Corporation





Priority issues: Small ports

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- **Ports & shipping**
- ✓ Test-beds for technology
- ✓ SMART/green technologies
- ✓ Climate change
- **Collaboration**
- ✓ Socio-Economic
- ✓ Ports and stakeholders
- ✓ Transport options
- **✓ Pilot projects**
- ✓ Training and capacity building

Business, Innovation, Environment

1,	Air qu
	Garba
3.	Noise
4.	Local
5.	Energ
6.	Ship v
7.	Wate
	D

- uality*
- age/ Port waste
- community*
- y Consumption*
- waste
- r quality
- 8. Dust*
- 9. Land development
- 10. Water development



Developing and Operating a Green Port PROBLEMS AND CHALLENGES



RANK	ISSUE	%
1	Finance	79
2	Multitude of Agencies	66
3	Legislation	64
4	EMS and Human Resources*	62
5	Political influence	57
6	Resistance to change	40
7	Shipping implications	38
8	Business case*	36
9	Leadership*	32
10	Stakeholder expectations	30
11	Priority issues	28
12	Own port characteristics	23



Finance



- X Lack of funds
- X Who is going to pay?
- X Investment policies short term
- X Expansion/Capacity versus

 Efficiency and Productivity
- X Financial Institutions? where are they?



Legislation





- X Confusing and complex
- X Liability, Responsibility, Influence?
- X Scope adequacy enforcement
- **X** Boundaries
- X "Not a level playing-field"*
- X Barrier to new business/investment
- **X** Does not discriminate



Some views of port professionals:

- "CEOs should live next to the port/factory"
- "We have always done it like this"
- * "We have got climate change fatigue"
- "They think about risks and threats not opportunities"
- "Too many men in charge put more women on Board they are more environmentally aware"



PORT: "A town or city with a harbour or access to navigable water where ships load or unload"













Empowering Communities

Why are island communities doing this?

www.communityenergyscotland.org.uk

Resource

Skill shortage

‱ Wind (Wave, Tide, Solar)

WWE Under employment

Revenue

Resilience

Example 2 Financial incentives

Money

Community will

Independent Community
 Controlled Fund

Depopulation

Local Community
 Development Plans

Fuel Poverty

Pump priming

Heating

Enabling

Transport

- Competence/Confidence
- Self Determination



Future objectives and options



- 1) Small-Port sector chain retain influence*
- 2) Sustainable initiatives*
- 3) Collaboration avoid 're-inventing the wheel'
- 4) Education and Training (two-way)
- 5) Practicable outreach*
 - a) Port-based community workshops
 - b) Conference Workshop*
 - c) Technology-in-Context
- d) AEGEA-INSPIRED R&D PROGRAM OF Collaboration*
- 6) Strategic Plan and coordinated database
- 7) Streamlined funding pathways
- 8) Clarity on fees and competition







2. Port of Lagos



Stakeholder roundtable 7/09/2012





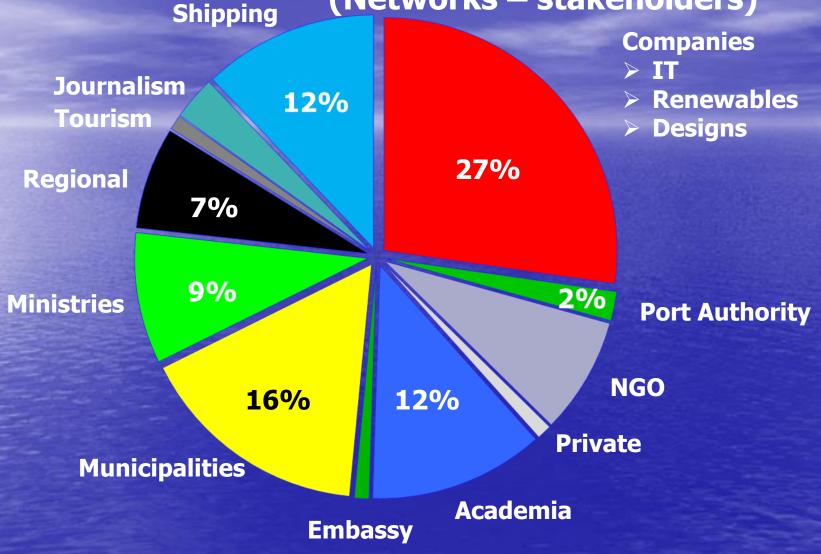
SuPort Final Conference, Rouen, France

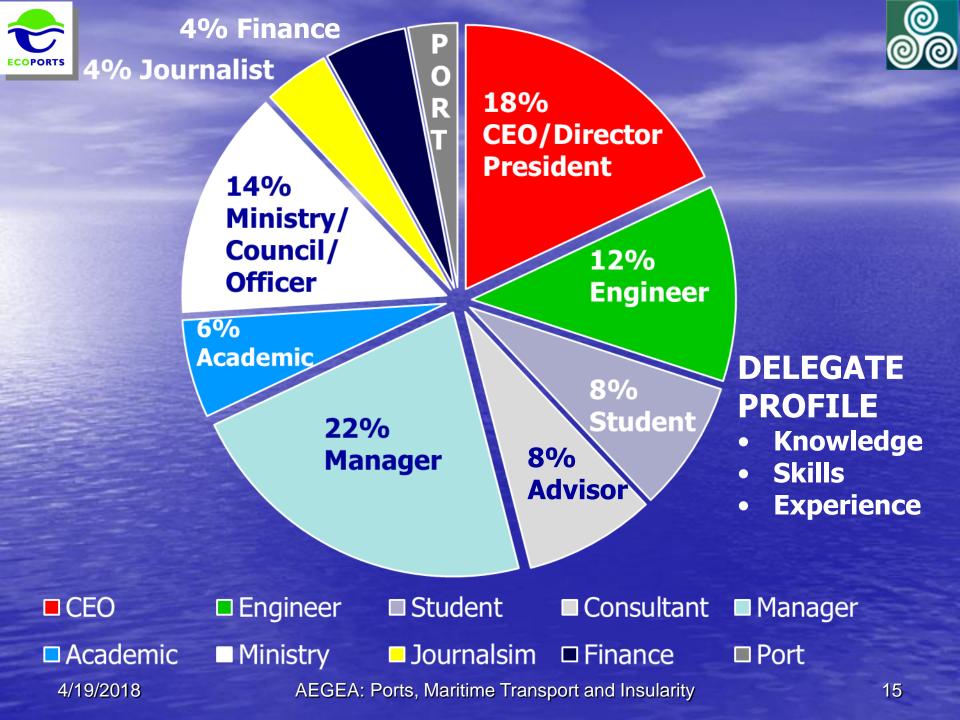




CONFERENCE PROFILE(Networks – stakeholders)









Workshop Objectives SMART Roadmap

(Specific Measurable Achievable Realistic Timebound)

Assist Small and Island Ports to: bridge the gap between policy - and practice

- 1) Retain local influence
- 2) Enhance collaboration
- 3) Implement effective EMS
- 4) Demonstrate improvement
- 5) Assist Sustainable Development
- 6) Deal with priority Aspects*



Roadmap components

- Priority issues
- Scope for collaboration
- Existing networks/organisations
- Framework for cooperation
- Demonstration projects
- Delivery route for training and exchange of experience





